TEST 2: RESIDENTIAL STATUS

Illustration 1

X is a citizen of Bangladesh. His grandmother was born in a village near Dhaka in 1940. He came to India for the first time since 1981 on 2/10/2020 for a visit of 190 days.

Find out the residential status of X for the assessment year 2023-24 on the assumption that wife of X is a resident but "not ordinarily resident in India" for the same year.

Solution

His stay in India during previous year 2022-23 is 181 days. He is a person of Indian origin because his grandmother was born in undivided India. He will be considered resident only when he had been in India for 182 days or more.

He is therefore non-resident.

Illustration 2

'M' an Indian citizen left India for the first time on 24/09/2019 for employment in USA. During the previous year 2022-23 he comes to India on 5/6/2020 for 165 days. Determine the residential status of 'M' for the assessments year 2023-24 and 2024-25.

Solution

- (a) During the previous year 2022-23, his stay in India is of 177 days (i. e 30+31+30+31+31+24). He is a citizen of India and has left India during the previous year 2022-23 for employment abroad. In his case, neither first nor second condition (where 60 days are substituted by 182 days) is satisfied and therefore, he is not-residents in India.
- (b) During the previous year 2022-23, his stay in India is of 165 days. Since he is a citizen of India and makes a visit to India, neither first nor second condition (as it will be 182 days instead of 60 days) is satisfied and therefore, he is non-resident in India.

Illustration 3

Mrs Kohli, a citizen of India is an export manager of Arjun Overseas Limited, an Indian company, since 1.5.2015. he has been regularly going to USA for export promotion. He spent the following days in USA for the last five years:

Previous year ended	No. of days spent in USA
31.3.17	317 days
31.3.18	150 days
31.3.19	271 days
31.3.20	311 days
31.3.21	294 days

Determine his residential status for assessment year 2023-24 assuming that prior to 1.5.2016. he had never travelled abroad.

Solution

Total stay in India

2016-17	48 days
2017-18	216 days
2018-19	94 days
2019-20	54 days
2020-21	71 days

During previous year 2022-23 his stay in India is 71 days and in the four preceding years 48+216+94+54=412 days.

Resident in India (condition of 182 days for citizen not applicable as he has not gone for employment abroad but has been going out of India during the course of employment)

2019-20 - 54 days (Non-resident)

2018-19 - 94 days but more than 365 days in the 4 preceding previous year. Hence, resident

2017-18 - 216 days - resident

2016-17 - 48 days non-resident

Prior to 2016 - 17 - resident

He satisfied the first condition of being resident in at least 2 out of 10 previous year prior to relevant previous year and the 2^{nd} condition of being in India for 730 days or more in the 7 preceding previous year. He is "resident and ordinarily resident in India".

Illustration 4

R Ltd and S Ltd companies are registered in Nepal and India respectively. All meetings of board of directors of R ltd were held in India. Whereas all board meetings of S ltd were held in Nepal during the previous year 2022-23. Determine the residential status of both the companies for the assessment year 2023-24.

Solution

Both are resident.

<u> Illustration 5</u>

Determine the residential status in the following cases for the assessment year 2023 - 24:

• The control and management of a HUF is situated in India. The manager of the HUF. Visited England with his wife from 14.8.20 to 30.6.2021. earlier to that he was always in India.

- A company, whose registered office is in America, has a place of its effective management in the previous year in India.
- In a partnership firm, there are three partners namely A, B and C. A and B reside in India. While C lives in Germany. The firm is fully controlled by C. during the previous year, Mr. C stayed for 6 months in India.
- A VIP club is in India, whose director Mr X belongs to China. The club is controlled fully by Mr. X. in the previous year Mr. X did not come for a single day to India.

Solution

Residential status for the assessment year 2023-24.

- HUF is a resident in India, as it is partly controlled from India. Further, the karta of the
 HUF satisfies both the condition of the category B. he was resident in at least 2 out of 10
 previous year prior to relevant previous year and was in India for 730 days or more in the 7
 preceding previous year. Hence, the Karta is "resident and ordinarily resident in India.
- Company is resident in India as its place of effective management in the previous year is in India.
- A partnership firm is a said to be resident in India if controlled and management of its
 affairs is partly situated in India.
- VIP club is non-resident no part of the control and management was in India.

Illustration 6

During the previous year 2022-23, X a foreign citizen, stayed in India for just 69 days. Determine the his residential status for the assessments year 2023-24 on the basis of the following information:

- During 2019-20, he was not present in India but during 2018-19 he came to India for 276 days.
- During 2017-18, X was present in India for 90 days.
- During 2014-15 and 2012-13, X was in India for 359 and 348 days respectively.
- Earlier to 2013-14 he had been regularly coming to India for 100 days every year.

Solution

To determine whether he is resident or not-

- He is resident for previous year 2022-23 as he satisfied the second condition because he was here for more than than 60 days in the relevant previous year and more than 365 days in the four preceding previous year.
- To determine whether he is "resident and ordinarily resident in India" he has to satisfy both the condition of category B.

As he satisfies both the conditions of category B of being resident in a least 2 out of 10 preceding previous year and the second condition of being in India for 730 days or more during 7 years preceding the relevant previous year, he is resident and ordinarily resident in India. Hence, he is resident and ordinarily resident in India.

Year	Stay in India
2019-20	Nil
2018-19	276
2017-18	90
2016-17	Nil
2015-16	Nil
2014-15	359
2013-14	348

Illustration 7

A earns the following income during the financial year 2022-23:

	Particulars Particulars	
A	Interest paid by an Indian company but received in London	2,00,000
В	Pension from former employer in India, received in USA	8,000
C	Profile earned from business in Paris which is controlled in India, half of	40,000
	the profits beings received in India.	
D	Income from agriculture in Bhutan and remitted to India	10,000
Ε	Income from property in England and received there	8,000
F	Past foreign untaxed income brought to India	20,000

Determine the total income of A for the assessment year 2023-24 if he is (i) resident and ordinarily resident, (ii) not ordinarily resident, and (iii) non-resident in India.

Solution

	Resident and ordinarily resident	Not ordinarily	Non resident
	(₹)	(₹)	(₹)
A	2,00,000	2,00,000	2,00,000
В	8,000	8,000	8,000
C	40,000	40,000	20,000
D	10,000	-	-
Ε	8,000	Nil	Nil
F	Nil	Nil	Nil
	2,66,000	2,48,000	2,28,000

Illustration 8

Following are the incomes of R, a citizen of India, for the previous year 2022-23:

1	Interest on savings bank deposit in corporation bank, Delhi	12,000
2	Income from agriculture in Africa invested in Russia	5,000
3	Dividends received in USA from an English company, out of which ₹2,000 were remitted to India	12,000
4	Salary drawn for two months for working in India Embassy's office in Australia and salary received there	48,000
5	Income from house property. (the building is situated in Iraq, out of which ₹20,000 deposited in banks in Iraq and the balance remitted to India)	25,000
6	Pension received in Belgium for services rendered in India with a limited company	10,000

You are required to compute his gross total income for the assessment year 2023 - 24 if he is (a) a resident and ordinarily resident, (b) not ordinarily resident, and (c) a non-resident.

Solution

Computation of Gross Total Income of R

	Particulars	Resident and ordinarily resident	Not ordinarily resident	Non-resident
		(₹)	(₹)	(₹)
1	Interest on savings bank deposit	12,000	12,000	12,000
2	Income from agricultural in Africa	5,000	-	-
3	Dividends received in USA	12,000	-	-
4	Salary drawn for working in Indian	48,000	48,000	48,000
	Embassy in Australia			
5	Income from house property in Iraq	25,000	-	-
6	Pension received in Belgium for service	10,000	10,000	10,000
	rendered in India			
	Gross total income	1,12,000	70,000	70,000

Illustration 9

Compute taxable income of G a non-resident for the previous year 2022-23:

	Particulars Particulars	
1	Income from operations confined to the purchase of goods in India for	40,000
	the purpose of export	
2	Income from operations confirmed to shooting of a cinematography film	1,00,000

CMA VIPUL SHAH	CMA INTERMEDIATE FOR JUNE/ DEC 23	RESIDENTIAL STATUS

	in India G is an Indian citizen	
3	Income from salary received in India for service rendered outside India	60,000

Solution

Computation of taxable income of G

(For the assessment year 2023-24)

	Particulars Particulars	Amount (₹)
1	Income from purchase of goods in India [not taxable under section $9(1)(1)(a)$]	-
2	Income from shooting of a cinematograph film in India (taxable as G is an Indian citizen)	1,00,000
3	Salary income	60,000
	Gross total income	1,60,000